APPLIED GRAMMAR WORKBOOK

ENM 101

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UNIT-I

EXERCISE-1

Add the missing Relative Pronouns in the following sentences:

1) Blessed is he works hard.
2) I know the manyou admire.
3) He found the dogwas lost.
4) The momentis lost is lost for ever.
5) Heis down need fear no fall.
6) The dogbarks seldom bites.
7) Allglitters is not gold.
8) I say I mean.
9) Attend tohe says.
10)can't be cured, must be endured.
11) The boyworked hard was praised by the teacher.
12) The cow you saw belongs to Mr. Yadav.
13) This is the roadleads to the station.
14) Here is the doctorcured me of fever.
15) The hotelwe saw last summer is now closed.
16) I have not seen the boysuitcase was stolen.
17) Kalidasa was a great poetwrote interesting plays
18) Rekha is the maidI have employed.
19) The letterhe wrote reached me late.
20) He is a great poetpoems are widely read.

Join each of the following pairs of sentences by means of a Connective:

1)	Here is a book. The book contains pictures.	
2)	The bicycle is a new one. Hari rode it.	
3)	We got into a bus. It was full of people.	
4)	He has a friend. He is a clever artist. He is a well known man. His generosity is th town.	e talk of the
5)	This is the cat. It killed the rat.	
6)	Those grapes were very sweet. You brought them.	-
7)	We all despise a cowardly boy. He is one.	-
8)	Give me the ruler. The ruler is on the desk.	-
9)	Hari spoke to the soldier. The soldier's arm was in a sling.	_
10)	A man came running up. He heard me calling.	
11)	He is a well known man. His generosity is the talk of the town.	

12) Kalidas is famous. He wrote some fine dramas.

13) The horse was lame. We saw the horse.
14) I know the man. He stole the bicycle.
15) We met a girl. The girl had lost her way.
16) Here is the doctor. The doctor cured me of malaria.
17) I saw a girl. She was singing.
18) The dog bit the burglar. The burglar had broken into the house.
19) The child is dead. I saw the child yesterday.
20) Coal is found in Bengal. It is a very useful mineral.

Correct the error of Pronouns in the following sentences:

1)	Rita and myself went to Shimla.
2)	This is the boy which gave me a pen.
3)	Each policeman and each homeguard was at their post.
4)	Neither Ali nor his friends admitted his fault
5)	Ravi or Rahul must lend their hand.
6)	The jury has given his verdict.
7)	The Secretary and Treasurer did not do their duty.
8)	The Cabinet gave his votes.
9)	We all went with themselves.
10)	Mr.Jones and himself came last night.
11)	He told Harry and I to go out with he and his mother.

Supply the appropriate interrogative Pronouns:

1) is your name?
2) is your phone number?
3)teaches you French?
4)flower is it?
5)wants a glass of water?
6)of you understand this exercise?
7)is coming to tea?
8) makes coffee sweet?
9)is that handsome boy?
10) makes your shoes?
11)do you study?
12)are you learning now?
13)knows the answer?
14)is the name of your designer?
15)understands this exercise?
16) is your mother's name?
17)is yours the apple or the banana?
18) Here are the books!is yours?
19)trees grow in Egypt?
20) Inschool do you study?

Fill in the blanks with suitable Relative Pronoun.

1)	You should not imitate such a boy he.
2)	God helps thosehelp themselves.
3)	The chair was broken is now mended.
4)	I did not know the person was called.
5)	He is a man you can trust.
5)	Did you receive the letter I sent yesterday.
7)	For my purpose I need such a man he is
8)	He gave away he did not need.
9)	I have seen the bird you describe.
10)	She has gone to Chennai is her birth place.
11)	He does his best shall be praised.
12)	There is no one has not lost a pen.
13)	Time is lost is never found.
14)	I do not know the man hit the boy.
15)	We saw the dog worried the cat.
16)	Listen to I say.
17)	Do you know has happened.
18)	Is this the street leads to the station.
19)	The doctor she visited is famous.
20)	Where is the book L gave you?

Use the correct form of the Interrogative Pronoun in the following:

1)	wishes to see you?
2)	am I speaking to?
3)	do you consider is right?
4)	do you mean ?
5) To	did you give the key?
6)	of you has done this?
7)	do you prefer?
8)	came here yesterday?
9)	do you consider is right?
10)	of these bats will you take?
11)	are you doing?
12)	do men say that I am?
13)	of these girls can sew the best?
14)	was speaking to you?
15)	has my book?
16) With _	were you talking?
17)	_ did you believe did this?
18)	is better honour or riches?
19)	are you seeking?
20)	did they fight each other for?

Split each of the sentences into two:

1)	The boys gave a loud shout, which was heard across the river.
2)	It was a wretched hut in which she lived.
3)	The elephant that was sick died.
4)	Napoleon, whom the French honour, died at St. Helena.
5)	John, who is my cousin, is a diligent boy.
6)	I have found the book which I lost.
7)	The boy whom you see there made the top score in the last match.
8)	He is a poet whose works are widely known.
9)	Last year we visited Moti Masjid, which is a mosque of great architectural beauty.
10)	The meeting, which was held in the Town Hall was a great success.
11)	People who live in glass houses must not throw stones.

12) The task which you have to do is easy.
13) The rope, which was old snapped.
14) The TajMahal, which was built by Shah Jahan ,is the finest mausoleum in the world.
15) We visited Cox's Bazar, which is the most attractive spot in Bangladesh.
16) Where is the book that I left here yesterday?
17) The crow dropped the cheese, which the fox immediately snapped up.
18) The farmer is cutting the corn which has ripened.
19) The boy gave a loud shout, which was heard across the river.
20) DadabhaiNaroji, who was the first Indian to enter the British Parliament, was a Parsee.

Put the following into possessives.

1)	The father of James.
2)	The clothes of boys.
3)	The club of the women
4)	The shop of Jones Brothers.
5)	The name of my sister-in-law.
6)	The park of St. James.
7)	The wedding of William and Mary.
8)	The hats of ladies.
9)	She's done the work of the whole day.

10) In the time of a week or two.
11) The crown of the King of England.
12) The birthday of the president of Chile.
13) The parents of all other boys.
14) The famous shop of Fortnum and Mason
15) During the holiday of two weeks of my friend Maisie.
16) A wrist watch of a lady or gentleman
17) The army of Cyrus.
18) He's the favourite of the boss.
19) The poems of Tennyson and the poems of Browning.
20) The books of Henry and Herbert.

Correct the errors of Adjectives in the following sentences:

1) That book is best than your book.
2) Gold is the precious of all metals.
3) Who is most beautiful of the two sisters?
4) He is strongest of the two brothers.
5) She is more inferior to Ramesh in intelligence.
6) No other metal is heavier as lead.
7) Iron is most useful than any other metal.
8) Rose is the most loveliest of all flowers.

9) His oldest son joined the army.
10) He is the eldest man in the village.
11) Amit is older than Arun.
12) He came latter than I.
13) I could not hear the later part of his speech.
14) Chennai is further from Delhi than Kolkata.
15) I must get farther information.
16) I am leaving by the nearest train.
17) I have few money than you.

18) The wealth of America is greater than Germany.
19) No few than sixty passengers were injured.
20) Few drops of the blue liquid were added to give colour.

Choose the appropriate Adjectives from the brackets and fill in the blanks:

1) What is the(later/last/latest) news?				
2) Rama and Arjun went together. The former was my friend and(later/latter) my brother.				
3) He had nothing(farther/ further) to say.				
4) My house is(nearest/next) to the valley.				
5) Delhi is(further/farther) from Mumbai than Surat.				
6) The(nearest/next) railway station is two kilometers from here.				
7) At a(later/latter)date, he was placed in charge of the Bank.				
8) She is my(elder/oldest)sister.				
9) She is(older/elder) than Seema.				
10) The man in the(later/latter/last)row was my father.				
11) Apples arethan oranges.(cheaper/cheapest).				
12) The old woman was very tired,she requested us to walk(little/a little)slowly.				
13)(a few/the few) days that are left to him, he spends in meditation.				
14) (a little/the little) fruits they had were stolen by the washer woman.				
15)(a few/the few) men are free of faults.				
16) Do you have (some/any) book?				
17) Do you want(some/any)suggestions?				
18)Indian must love his nation.(each/every).				
19) Six girls were seated on(each/every)bench.				
20) The sun shone(each/every)day during the winter.				

Change the Degree of Comparison without changing the meaning

1)	Australia is the largest island in the world.(Positive)		
2)	A wise enemy is better than a foolish friend.(Positive)		
3)	Hunger is the best sauce.(Comparative)		
4)	Very few countries are as rich as America.(Comparative)		
5)	No other man is as strong as Atul (Superlative).		
6)	Shakespeare is greater than any other English poet.(Superlative)		
7)	No other exercise is as convenient as swimming.(Superlative)		
8)	Hyderabad is not so cool as Bangalore.(Comparative)		
9)	She is taller than I (Positive).		
10)	Gaurav is the best boy in the class.(Comparative)		
11)	Ashoka was one of the greatest of kings.(Comparative)		
12)	Mumbai is the biggest town in India. (Positive)		
13)	Lead is the heaviest of all metals. (Positive)		

14) The mango is the sweetest of fruits. (Comparative)			
15) Diamond is harder than any other substance.(Comparative)			
16) Delhi is one of the biggest cities in India.(Positive)			
17) Ali is not so strong as Ahmad (Comparative).			
18) The pen is mightier than the sword.(Positive)			
19) He is not the best boy in the class.(Comparative)			
20) Mumbai is the best sea port in India.(Positive)			

Supply appropriate Comparative or Superlative to each of the following:-

1) Akbar had a region than Babar. (large)			
2) The pen is than the sword.(powerful)			
3) The Pacific isthan any other ocean.(wide)			
4) Honour is to him than life.(valuable)			
5) Who is the boy in the class?(clever)			
6) Wordsworth is than Cowper.(renowned)			
7) The piano was knocked down to the bidder.(high)			
8) He writes than his brother.(good)			
9) Of all the countries, China has the population.(large)			
10) Clouds float in the sky because they are than the air.(light)			
11) There are two ways of doing this sum, but this one is(appropriate)			
12) This is the of my two sons.(young)			
13) It is good to be clever but it is to be industrious.(prudent)			
14) The Arabian Nights is perhaps the story-book.(popular)			
15) The multi-millionaire Mr. Sen is the man in the town.(famous)			
16) Balu is the bowler in the eleven.(fast)			
17) My uncle is than my father.(healthy)			
18) The buildings are found in America.(tall)			
19) The fables are those attributed to Esop.(ancient)			

Fill in the blanks with suitable Articles and put "X" where no article is required.

1) There is box of sweet on table.					
2) John moved toSan Francisco.					
3) Celine is French.					
4) Christmas comes once year.					
5) sugar is bad for teeth.					
6) children like chocolates.					
7) My friend doesn't eat red meat.					
8) amazing thing happened yesterday.					
9) She is wearing blue dress with red earrings.					
10) I can't believe I failed in yesterday's test.					
11) Do you have pencil to lend?					
12) May I have your phone number?					
13) I went to sea during my summer vacation.					
14) Davis is best student in our class.					
15) I have never seen UFO.					
16) milk is good for you.					
17) Pandas and tigers are both endangered animals.					
18) Switch off air conditioner please. I have cold.					
19) He has cut on his leg and bruise on his chin.					
20) That is issue between you and the boss.					

Insert the Articles where necessary.

1)	Her knowledge of medicine had been acquired under aged woman.
2)	Set back clock; it is hour too fast.
3)	I like to live in open air.
4)	Have you told him about accident?
5)	Tagore was a great poet.
6)	When will father be back?
7)	He started school when he was six years old.
8)	Andamans are group of islands in Bay of Bengal.
9)	It was proudest moment of my life.
10	Only best quality is sold by us.

11) I have not seen him since he was child.
12) They never fail who die in a great cause.
13) For Brutus is honourable man.
14) We started late in afternoon.
15) He likes to picture himself as an original thinker.
16) It is never thankful office to offer advice.
17) Neil Armstrong was first man to walk on moon.
18) Scheme failed for want of support.
19) March is third month of the year.
20) Like true sportsmen they would give enemy fair play.

EAERCISE-15			
Insert 'a/an' or 'the' in the space given below:			
1) I borrowedumbrella from her.			
2) It'sshame that he failed again in Science.			
3) He is havingtoothache.			
4) I gotwatch as my birthday gift.			
5)Equator divides the earth into two hemispheres.			
6)rich should be helpful topoor.			
7) We needGandhi to solve our problems.			
8) Man ismortal.			
9)malaria is no longer a disease.			
10) Sunday isholiday.			
11) We can write onpaper or onblackboard.			
12)Australian sheep gives usvery good wool.			

13) It is pleasant to read.....book in the afternoon.

14)....garage is broken.

15) There isgarden behind the house.

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16)	clouds over	sea are lovely today.
17) He make	es some toys in	evening.
18) There is	fly in	lemonade.
19) She has	been ats	ea forlong time.
20)	donkeys are	stupid animal.

Correct the error of the Articles in the following sentences:

1) He is doing a M.A.in English Litera	nture.
2) It is the pleasure watching you.	
3) Indian Express has very wide circul	ation.
4) Law should be fair to a lucky as well	ll as a unlucky.
5) The Mumbai is the biggest city of In	ndia.
6) The father has just come from an of	fice.
7) The malaria is no longer a killer disc	ease.
8) Quite a few children suffer from mu	imps.
9) The spring is a season of great rejoic	cing.
10) Eggs are sold by a dozen.	
11) Petrol is sold by a litre.	
12) Most of the children come to school	l by the bus.
13) The English is the language of the E	English.

14)	Kobe, one of the most important cities of the Japan, was rocked by the earthquake.
15)	His uncle is the physician and surgeon.
16)	We'll discuss this problem before the dinner.
17)	Last week, I went to college to see the old teacher of mine.
18)	You can travel either by train or by the air.
19)	The brave men do not lose the heart even when they fail.
20)	India of today faces large number of problems.

Correct the error of Adverb in the following sentences:

1) From home he went directly to his office.
2) Raman and Mansi are so nice people.
3) The teacher was fairly annoyed at her stupid answers.
4) Her voice is rather sweet.
5) They are quite rich but too miserly.
6) This bus is very crowded.
7) Traffic usually is heavy at this hour.
8) He worked two sums only.
9) My principal has inspired me always to work hard.
10) The North-East Express is late often.

11) He was enough clever to speak the truth.	
12) The food was fairly badly cooked.	
13) This news is very good to be true.	
14) It is much hot to go outside.	
15) The patient is too better today.	_
16) Does he makes mistakes usually.	
17) Has her brother been a school master always?	
18) He makes a mistake rarely.	
19) Well, I'm afraid it will be fairly difficult	
20) She is absent from school always.	

Correct the error of preposition in the following sentences:

1)	He often talks about you.	
2)	These stains can be removed by soap.	
3)	She walked across me without greeting me.	
4)	You'll have to ask someone beside me.	
5)	There is a bus stop by the end of the road.	
6)	We'll be shifting to our new house until two weeks.	
7)	We went for swimming in the lake.	
8)	The farmer tied the cow with a tree by a rope.	
9)	This road has been in repair since at least two weeks.	
10	I like to write with ink.	

11) By the rules you cannot get full month's salary.	
	12) The tiger pounced on the deer.	
13	3)I have been waiting for you since twenty minutes.	
14	The four sisters quarrelled between themselves.	
15	The aeroplane flew upon the clouds.	
16	i) He put nets above the plant.	
17	The bridge on the river is long.	
18	3) He is very careful of his clothes.	
19	9) She will carry in this work.	
No	bbody is free of faults.	

Fill in each blank below with correct Preposition:

1) Don't you have faithe?
2) Getthe facts.
3) Mohan is goodMathematics.
4) Hard work is the keysuccess.
5) He lacksexperience.
6) You are impressedher speech.
7) Let us hopethe best.
8) We are hopefulour success.
9) She insistsmy staying in the village.
10)You are no matchhim.
11) This drug is a sure remedytyphoid.
12) She is addictedgambling.
13) The godown is infestedmice.
14) He presidedthe meeting.
15) The postman knockedthe door.
16) I wrote that letter justfun.
17) I like storieshappy endings.
18)your work.

- 19) If you are keen.....joining defence services, you must have a good physique.
- 20) You should take pride.....the rich culture of our country.

UNIT II

EXERCISE-1

Underline the verbs in the following sentences and mention whether they are Transitive or Intransitive

1)	The sun shines brightly.
2)	The clock stopped this morning.
3)	The sun rises in the east.
4)	The clock ticks all day long.
5)	Put away your books.
6)	The cat sleeps on the rug.
7)	Your book lies on the table.
8)	Time changes all things.
9)	Tell the truth.
10)	The little bird hopped about and sang.
11)	The beggar sat down by the side of the road.
12)	He took shelter under a tree.
13)	Balu wrote a letter to his uncle.
14)	I know a funny little man.

15) A light rain fell last night.	
16) You speak too loudly.	_
17) The dog ran after me.	
18)An old beggar stood by the gate.	
19)Cock crows in the morning.	_
20)I shall bring my camera with me.	

Underline and identify the non-finite verb in each of the following sentences:

1) To forgive is divine.	
2) The wounded man was taken to the hospital.	
3) Terrified, he stood still.	
4) They came weeping.	
5) Cheating should be discouraged.	
6) They burst out laughing.	
7) I read an interesting novel.	
8) I was stupid to leave behind my luggage.	
9) The teacher made me write the answer again.	

10) She seems to have put on a lot of weight.	
11) Having spent all our money we couldn't afford to stay in a hotel.	
13) There was no sign of the dinner appearing before I left.	
14) The play really wasn't worth watching.	
14) My shoes want mending.	
15) Every body wishes to enjoy life.	
16) A retired officer is available.	
17) No plucking of flowers.	
18) Lying is a sin.	
19) Barking dogs seldom bite.	
20)The work having been done, we went home.	

Combine the following pairs of sentences by using Infinitives:-

1)	He did not have even a rupee with him. He could not buy a loaf of bread.						
2)	Every cricket team has a captain. He directs the other players.						
3)	You must part with your purse. On this condition only you can save your life.						
4)	He went to Amritsar. He wanted to visit the Golden Temple.						
5)	The robber took out a knife. He intended to frighten the old man.						
6)	I speak the truth. I am not afraid of it.						
7)	He wants to earn his livelihood. He works hard for that reason.						
8)	The strikers held a meeting. They wished to discuss the terms of the employers.						
9)	He has five children. He must provide for them.						
10)	The old man has now little energy left. He cannot take his morning constitutional exercises						
11)	The king allowed no cows to be slaughtered in his territory. It was his custom.						

12) He formed a resolution. It was to the effect that he would not speculate any more.
13) Everyone should do his duty. India expects this of every man.
14) She visits the poor. She is anxious to relieve them of their sufferings.
15) He collects old stamps even at great expense. This is his hobby.
16) He must apologise for his misconduct. It is the only way to escape punishment.
17) I have no aptitude for business. I must speak it out frankly.
18) He was desirous of impressing his host. So he exhibited his best behaviour in his presence
19) That young man has squandered away all his patrimony. He must have been very foolish
20) He has risen to eminence from poverty and obscurity. It is highly creditable.

Combine the following pair of sentences by making the use of Participle:-

1)	The Porter opened the gate. We entered.	
2)	We started early. We arrived at noon.	
3)	We met a man. He was carrying a load of wood.	
4)	The stable door was open. The horse was stolen.	
5)	He seized his stick. He rushed to the door.	
6)	The hunter took up his gun. He went out to shoot the lion.	
7)	A crow stole a piece of cheese. She flew to her nest to enjoy the tasty meal.	_
8)	The wolf wished to pick a quarrel with the lamb. He said, "How dare you make	the water muddy
9)	A passenger alighted from the train. He felt over a bag on the platform.	
10)) Nanak met his brother in the street. He asked him where he was going.	
11)	My sister was charmed with the silk. She bought ten yards.	

13) He had resolved on a certain course. He acted with vigour.	
4) He staggered back. He sank to the ground	
15) The letter was badly written. I had great difficulty in making out its content	
16) They had no fodder. They could give the cow nothing to eat.	-
17) A hungry fox saw some bunches of grapes. They were hanging from a vine	
18) Cinderella hurried away with much haste. She dropped one of her little gla	ss slippers.

In the following sentences replace the underlined words with gerund const	ructions
---	----------

1)	She delayed her visit to us for several weeks.					
2)	Everyone enjoyed <u>it when she sang</u> .					
3)	I hope you will excuse the fact that I am late.					
4)	I clearly remember that I wrote the letter.					
5)	I can't understand that he forgot to answer my letters.					
6)	It is difficult to imagine that she would do such a thing.					
7)	Do you mind if I see your photos again.					
8)	She likes to begin pieces of knitting but hates to finish them.					
9)	She could not remember that I gave her the money.					
10)	10) The clerk suggested that we should leave a message.					

11) I remember that he asked for this book last Friday.				
12) I enjoy to rest in the afternoon after I have tried to finish my home work.				
13) I think most people prefer to ride.				
14) She loves to swim in the sea.				
15) It won't be any use <u>if you try</u> to borrow any more money.				

Complete the sentences by making use of a 'bare' infinitive:

1)	I saw him			
2)	He made me			
3)	Watch me			
4)	Did you hear him	_?		
5)	Will you let me	?	?	
6)	Can I watch you		?	
7)	Did you see her		?	
8)	No one can make you			
9)	The teacher let them			
10)	Did you see that car		?	
11)	I like to hear her			
12)	The Principal made the whole school			
13)	Did anyone see the burglar	?	?	
14)	I won't let anyone			

Complete the sentences by making use of a gerund or an infinitive:

1)	Don't forget (buy) the oranges.	
2)	He always remembers (lock) the door.	
3)	I remember (swim) in that stream when I was a boy.	
4)	I shall always remember (cross) the harbour for the first time.	
5)	Will you remember (give) him the message?	
6)	The blackboard needs (clean) and I want you (clean) it.	
7)	He is very obedient. He never needs (tell) twice.	
8)	I wish you would try (wash) your hands properly. Why don't	you try (scrub) them?
9)	His hair need (cut) he forgot (have) it cut last week.	
10)) 'Did you remember (wind) the clock?' 'Yes, I remember (wind)	ind) it quite clearly.'
11)	I had to ask the boys (stop) (play).	

13) We can't	consider (buy)	a new house be	fore (sell) the ol	d one.	
14) If you ca	n't unscrew the	lid, try (hit) it	with a hammer.	_	

Complete the sentences by using suitable forms of the Verbs in brackets

1) I heard him	the man	_hitting the dog. (tell, stop)
2) I want you	me that you will stop	that.(promise, do)
3) He was accused of	into the house	e. (try, break)
4) I don't mind your _	if you agree to be si	ilent. (watch)
5) We would all like	you t	the violin (hear, play)
6) Her mother refused	l her	by herself. (allow, go)
7) I don't mind	if he agrees	_his share of the expenses.(him, come, pay)
8) He is very good at	other people what to do but	t he sometimes forgets his own
work.(tell, do)		
9) I'm sure he will no	t make you that book if y	ou would rather another one.
(read, read)		
10) When he promises	something you can depend	on his it. (do,do)
11) If I were you, I sho	ould tryhim wa	iting.(avoid, keep)
12) I enjoy	out in the open and I hope	some in the next holidays. (camp, do)
13) I wish he would sto	op and begin	us the pictures. (talk, show)
14) You can learn	any game only by	(play, practise)
15) He went on	for the purse though he kr	new there was very little chance of
it	(look, he, find)	
16) If you don't like _	up in the morning, try _	to bed a little earlier at night.
(get, go)		
17) This watch needs _	I must remember	it back to the shop. (repair, take)
18) He dislikes	interrupted when he is tryi	ing (be, work)
19) Don't let me	you that again	a! (catch, do)
20) She doesn't like	to cinema and she hates _	television (go, watch)

UNIT-III

EXERCISE-1

Re	ewrite the following sentences in the singular.
1)	The postmen bring letters three times a day.
2)	They never find the money they lose.
3)	My friends like meat, but do not like fish.
4)	His sisters work hard all day, and want to rest in the evening.
5)	They want to buy some toys, because their sons have a birthday tomorrow.
6)	They hit their dog with a stick when they are angry with it.
7)7	The girls wake up at six o'clock, wash, dress quickly and run into the dining room for breakfast.
	Two of my friends hate reading but love to go to the pictures; such people lose a lot of pleasure in life and generally get bored very quickly.
	9) Dogs make better pets than cats because they are more friendly.

10) Must they leave before supper or have they time to stay until my friends come?
11) When will these girls finish the exercises they were doing last week.
12) They go to work by car and come home on foot.
13) They cannot speak French and have never learnt English.'
14) Big men eat more than small boys.
15) Boots are kinds of shoes.
16) Hungry boys eat large dinners.
17) Exercises are not always easy for beginners.
18) Can the police find the money they have lost?
19) Little boys sometimes push little girls and pull their hair.
20) They sit on a chair and eat a banana.

Complete the sentences with Present Indefinite and Continuous form of the verb given in the brackets.

1)	If you him, please give him this message.(see)
2)	Everything will be all right if you calm (keep)
3)	If you with me, I shall not feel afraid. (be)
4)	He can take the books home provided that he after them. (look)
5)	I will not help him unless he me.(help)
6)	What is to be done if she out? (find)
7)	Even if she there at once, he will have left by the time she (go, arrive)
8)	If he that, he will regret it. (do)
9)	If I can I there every day (go)
10)	If you have done your best, then Isatisfied.(be)
11)) If you have done the work carefully, you high marks (get)
12)	He is not going to come with us unless he his mind before tomorrow. (change)
13)) If I the answer I will tell you.(know)
14)	I will be very grateful if you me (help)
15)) If you listen to what I am saying you what I mean.(understand)
16)	Even if you you will not catch the bus. (hurry)
17)	I would buy a bicycle if I money.(have)
18)) If I were you, I careful. (be)
19)) If he that you were doing that, he very angry. (know, be)
20)) If he here now, I would tell him what I think of him.(be)
21)	Our examination(start) at 8 o'clock tomorrow.
22)) She(want) to speak at once.
23)	Our office(face) east.
24	Two and four(make) six.

25) Unless you(walk) fast, you will be late.
26) Time and tide(wait) for none.
27) New brooms(sweep) clean.
28) Money(make) the mare go.
29) A drowning man(catch) at a straw.
30) The baby bird(get) al the food it(need) from the white and the golden yolk
in the egg.
31) Water(boil) at 100 degree centigrade.
32) It(take) two to make a quarrel.
33) I(go) there nearly every week.
34) Ships(travel) from Southampton to New York.
35) That man in the white hat who(walk) past the window(live) next door.
36)The sun(rise) in the east; now it(set) and night(fall).
37) Where are you'? 'I(sit) in the kitchen.' 'What you(do) there?' 'I help my mother.'
38) Ali(do) his homework now. He usually(do) it at night.
39) He usually(walk) from his home to school but today he(go) by car.
40) I(not tell) a lie in this case, and I always(speak) the truth.

Complete the following sentences with the correct form of the Verbs(Present Indefinite, Continuous, Perfect, Perfect Continuous)

1)	At the moment it but I think that it to stop soon. (rain, go)
2)	That baby again. Why it always ? (cry, cry)
3)	He all the morning but I think he now. (work, finish)
4)	They not not
	the top yet. (climb, reach)
5)	She in that flat for six months and she not any rent yet.
	(live, pay).
6)	Skin-diving more and more popular every year. (become)
7)	When he to me again, I will show you the letter. (write)
8)	The new Headmaster says that he to make some changes. (go)
9)	Dogs and cats good pets(make)
10)	I here for half an hour and I not a bus yet. (wait,
	see)

Rewrite the following sentences with the correct form of the Verbs (Present Indefinite, Continuous, Perfect)

1)	She generally(wear) a blue sari, but today she(wear) a brown one.
2)	These days Dr.Sidhu(write) a play on the theme of national integration.
3)	Since when(you purchase) medicines from this chemist?
4)	She (knit) now.She regularly(knit) in the afternoon.
5)	Since you gave me your number I (phone) you four times and(not find) you at home.
6)	We(live) here for the last six months, and just (decide)to move .
7)	Look! Someone(knock) at the door.
8)	Our scientists(try) to produce electricity from solar energy but haven't been very successful
9)	Mukul(successfully run) an export house for the past five years.

10) My clothes(hang) in the wardrobe all the time I was way, and now I see the moths(eat) holes in them.
11) You(be)asleep all the morning? I (ring) the bell for the last twenty minutes.
12) He(lose) his books.He (look) for them all the afternoon, but they(not turn up) yet.
13) How long you (learn) English?
14) My watch(go) for three days and it(not run down) yet.
15) Jack(go) to Switzerland for a holiday,I never(be) there.
16) She(read)all the works of Dickens and Scott.How many you(read)?
17) The man who(talk) to Ravi at the moment(speak) eight languages.
18) Mr Gupta(teach) us English every day. He is absent; so Mr.Kumar(take) our class just now.
19) You regularly(write)to your friends during the past two years?
20) I(sit)for my portrait for the last six months, but the artist(not finish) it yet.

 $Read\ the\ following\ with\ the\ verbs\ in\ the\ correct\ form.\ (Present\ Perfect\ Simple\ and\ Continuous)$

1.	I (not see) you for a long time.
2.	You must tell me what you (do) since last I saw you.
3.	He (not be) here since Christmas; I wonder where he (live) since then.
4.	I (try) to learn English for years, but I (not succeed) yet.
5.	We (live) here for the last six months and just (decide) to move.
6.	You already (drink) three cups of tea since I (sit) here.
7.	That book (lie) on the table for weeks. You (not read) it yet?
8.	I (wait) here for her since seven o'clock and she (not come) yet.
9.	He (not have) a holiday for nine years because he (be) too busy.
10.	Since you gave me your number I (phone) you four times and (not find) you at home.
11.	You (be) asleep all the morning? I (ring) the bell for the last twenty minutes.
12.	She (work) so hard this week that she (not have) tome to go to the hairdresser's.

13. He (write) a novel for the last two years, but he (not finish) it yet.

15.	Mary (rest) in the garden all day because she (be) ill.
	EXERCISE-6
Read 1	the following, putting the verb in the correct form. (Present Perfect Simple and Continuous
1.	John isn't in. He (go) to the pictures again although he (be=go) twice already this week.
2.	They (not speak) to each other since they quarrelled.
3.	That grandfather clock (stand) there for as long as I can remember.
4.	My boy – friend Cyril (try) to take me out to dinner for the last three weeks.
5.	How long you (learn) English.
6.	I (wait) here nearly half an hour for my girl-friend Maisie do you think she (forget) to come.
7.	My clothes (hang) in the wardrobe all the time I was away, and now I see the moths (eat) greatholes in them.
8.	My watch (go) for three days and it (not run down) yet.
9.	He (lose) his books. He (look) for them all the afternoon, but they (not turn up) yet.

11.	Jack (go) to Switzerland for a holiday; I never (be=go) there.
12.	He only (write) to me once since he went away; I (send) him four letters.
13.	She (read) all the works of Dickens and Scott. How many you (read)?
14.	I (sit) for my portrait for the last six months, but the artist (not finish) it yet.
15.	You must wake her! She (sleep) soundly for ten hours!

Rewrite the following in (a) Simple Past Tense (b) Past Tense Negative: 1) We like apples. 2) He teaches German. 3) The prisoner runs away. 4) The servant sweeps the room. 5) He does his work well. 6) You find your bag. 7) It is very cold. 8) My father works in an office. 9) The audience stands up and the function begins.

10) I hear you are moving.	
11) He lives in Mumbai.	
12) I try to be useful.	
13) I put the book on the table.	_
14) The red light means 'stop'.	
15) The river flows to the sea.	
16) I think he is right.	
17) Mother makes a cup of tea.	
18) We buy meat.	
19) Her knee hurts her.	
20) The artists draw a picture.	

Complete the sentences with Past Continuous tense formof the verb given in the brackets.

1)	I (read) a book when he came in.
2)	When you came in I (write)
3)	It (rain) this morning when I got up.
4)	We (live) in France when the war began.
5)	The boy jumped off the tram while it (move).
6)	The fire still(burn) at six o' clock this morning.
7)	He(walk) across the bridge when his hat had blew off.
8)	The bus started while I (get) on.
9)	The children (do) their homework when their father came back from the office
10`	I took another cake when you (not look).

Complete the following sentences with the correct Past Tense of the verbs in brackets.

1) When I	(go) out the sun	(shine).
2) When the war	(begin) we	(live) in London.
3) I	_(have) tea when the light	(go out).
4) While you	(play) the piano I	(write) a letter.
5) He	(eat) the dinner when I	(go) to see him.
6) When it	(rain) she(ca	arry) an umbrella.
7) We	(drink) coffee when we	(be) in France.
	(have) a dog I always	(take) him out for a walk in the
evening. 9) The maid	(lay) the table for dinner	while you (wash) your hands.
10) Large crowds_	(wait) at the station	when the President(arrive)
11) He	_(lose) his watch while he	(see) the sights of the city.
12) I	_ (open) the door just as my friend C	Syril(ring) the bell.
13) My sister Mais	sie(cook) fish when	n I (ask) her to give me water
14) We	(run) under a bridge when the stor	rm (break).
15) She	(put) on her raincoat when it	(start) to rain.
16) He	(eat) three sandwiches while you	(talk) to him.
17) I	_(look) for a penny when I	(find) a shilling.
18) While he	(get) off the tram,	he (fall) and (cut) his
face.		
19) He	(lean) against the door and	(listen) to the wireless when
first	_(try) to speak to him.	
20) When I	(see) him , he	(sing) and(smoke) a cigar at
the same time.		
21) He	(do) nothing before he saw me.	
22) He thanked me	e for what I(do).	
23)When the aeroplan	e landed, the pilot(f	find) that one of the
wings	_ (be damaged) by a shell.	

24) He told me he	(catch) a young line and	(shoot) two ot	thers.
25)My friend	(not see) me for many	years when I met him last wee	ek.
26) Before help	(reach) us , one woman	(collapse).	
27)As soon as you	(go), I wanted to see yo	ou again.	
28) The fire	_ (spread) to the next building	before the firemen	(arrive).
29) We were surprised to l	hear that she	(pass) the exam at the age of f	ourteen.
30) The little girl	(ask) what	(happen) to her ice-cream.	
31) I read the book after I_	(finish) my wo	ork.	
32) His mother	(worry) a lot about him	before she (hear)	that he
was safe.			
33) The house	(be) much smaller than he	(think) at first.	
34) The archaeologists	(say) that the glories	of Tutankhamen	_ (not be) at
all exaggerated.			
35) They dressed after they	(wash).		
36) He(disco	over) to his horror that he	(eat) the maggot.	
37) He jumped as if he	(be stung).		
38) He (ret	fuse) to admit that he	(steal) the peaches.	
39) It(be) tl	ne madman who	(do) the killing.	
40) The wetness of the dec	k (tell) him that	dew (fall) in the nig	ght.

Put the following into the Simple Future Tense.

1)	We always ask that question
2)	I never believe you.
3)	I don't buy cheap things.
4)	It doesn't cost very much.
5)	Why doesn't she drink her tea?
6)	We don't do any homework in the class.
7)	I eat an orange every day.
8)	I never have much money.
9)	You grow fatter every day.
10)	I never look as pretty as her.

11) I must read more books.	
12) He doesn't like it at all.	-
13) He can swim.	
14) He feels ill.	_
15) You never answer me correctly without the help of	the book.

Rewrite the following sentences using the Future Continuous Tense.

1)	They're going to do it again later.
2)	The leaves are going to fall soon
3)	I'm going to have tea in town
4)	He's going to meet us at the station.
5)	We're going to have crab for supper.
6)	Are you going to town again this week.?
7)	He's coming home soon.
8)	He is lecturing on the Romantic poets next.
9)	I shall see her tomorrow afternoon.
10)	I'm playing in a tennis match on Saturday with my friends.

11) Hury up! The train is leaving in a minute.	
12) You'll forget your head next, you absent minded old thin	ng!
)I'll write to you later.	
)You'll hear from him in any case.	
She says she is going to do the washing tomorrow.	
15)We are having dinner in half an hour.	
	12) You'll forget your head next, you absent minded old this Ol'll write to you later. OYou'll hear from him in any case. She says she is going to do the washing tomorrow.

Put the Verbs in brackets in correct form.

1)	I'll wait until he (write) his novel.
2)	I shall probably want to see the book before he (finish) it.
3)	We (not find) our seats until the concert has begun.
4)	They (not plant) the cotton until the corn has been cut.
5)	As soon as my friend Cyril(spend) that money he will try to borrow some more.
6)	You 'd better stay in until you (get rid of) that cough.
7)	The country (look) quite different when the leaves have fallen.
8)	When I (learn) a thousand English words, shall I be able to read a newspaper?
9)	When my friend Maisie and I(be) married for twenty-five years, we are going
	for a world tour.
10	Sit down and when you (rest) I'll show you the garden.
11)	Come again when the machine (be cleaned).
12)	I hope you (not forget) all this by tomorrow!
13)	I(finish) long before you get back.
14	He (take) his examination by his next birthday.
15)	I hope it (stop) raining by five o'clock.

Complete the following sentences with the correct form of the verbs given in brackets (Present Perfect, Present Perfect Continuous, Past Indefinite tense).

1)	Не	the book yesterday and he_	already	it. (buy, read)
2)	Не	to see the head master half	an hour ago and he	not back
	yet. (go, come)			
3)	Her father	her a bicycle last mo	onth but she not _	to ride it yet.
	(buy, learn)			
4)	I first	him a year ago and I	him twice since then.	(meet, see)
5)	We	the work . (finish)		
6)	Не	school last year. (leave)		
7)	It	_ raining half an hour ago bu	t now it	(begin, stop)
8)	His father	him five rupee	es yesterday and he	it already. (give,
	spend)			
9)	I once	a barking deer when I	was a young child but I	never one
	since. (see)			
10)	Divers	often	sharks. A diver	one last week
	near Port Shelte	er. (see)		
11)	She	letters all the afternoon but I	think she now. (wr	rite, finish)
12)	Не	the exam a month ago. He	e does not know whether he	or not and
	he will not try to	o get a job until he	the results. (take, pass, r	eceive)
13)	I tl	ne toys to the children this n	norning and they	with them ever
	since. (give, pla	y)		
14)	Oh there you a	re at lact! I	for you since five o' clos	k (wait)

15) He all his	s life. (smoke)		
6) I on thi	s essay for a week and so far	I five page	es. (work, write)
17) The football season	two months ago.	The school team	very
well for the last five we	eeks. We for	ar matches so far. (st	tart, play, win)
(8) ' you have lui	nch?' Yes, thank you. I	some in that litt	ele restaurant.'(have)
(9) 'Where is Mr.Faud?' '	He to Bangalore	on business . He	on Friday.(go)
20) She to	o hard lately but she	now	_ me that she will take a
rest. (work, promise)			

Choose the correct alternative from those given in brackets:

1) Ia new bicycle last week. (bought, have bought, had bought)
2) Here are your shoes; I them. (just clean, just cleaned, have just cleaned)
3) It since early morning. (rained, is raining, has been raining)
4) I a lot of work today. (did, have done, had done)
5) I something burning. (smell, am smelling, have been smelling)
6) Look: The sun over the hills (rises, is rising)
7) She unconscious since four o' clock. (is , was, has been)
8) He used to visit us every week, but he now. (rarely comes, is rarely coming, has rarely
come.
9) We for his call since 4.20. (are waiting, have been waiting, were waiting)
10) Every day last week my aunt a plate. (breaks, broke, was breaking)
11) I know all about that film because I it twice (saw, have seen, had seen)
12) Our guests They are sitting in the garden. (arrive, had arrived, have arrived)
13) I him since we met a year ago. (didn't see, haven't seen, hadn't seen)
14) Weour breakfast half an hour ago. (finished, have finished, had finished)
15) She jumped off the bus while it(moved, had moved, was moving)
16) When we went to the cinema, the film (already started, had already started,
would already start)
17) I for half an hour when it suddenly started to rain. (have walked, have been walking
had been walking)
18) Did you think you me some where before? (have seen, had seen, were seeing)
19) The town its appearance completely since 1980. (is changing, changed, has change

20) The baby all morning. (cries, has been crying)
21) The plane at 3.30. (arrive, will arrive)
22) I will phone you when he back.(comes back, will come)
23) When I get home, my dog at the gate waiting for me. (sits, will be sitting)
24) Look at those black clouds. It (will rain, is going to rain)
25) The train before we reach the station. (arrives, will have arrived.)
26) I the Joshis this evening. (visit, am visiting)
27) Unless we now, we can't be on time. (start, will start)
28) Perhaps we Mahabaleshwar next month. (visit, will visit)
29) I into town later on. Do you want a lift? (drive, will be driving.)
30) The next term on 16th November. (begins, is beginning)
31) Oh dear! I(will sneeze, am going to sneeze)
32) I' m sure she the exam. (pass, will pass)
33) I home next Sunday.(go, am going)
34) Iyou one of these days.(see, will be seeing)
35) Help! I fall. (will fall, am going to fall)
36) She has bought some cloth; she herself a blouse. (will make, is going to make.)
37) I your house this afternoon. It is on my way home from work. (will be passing, am
passing)
38) Hurry up! The programme(will start, is about to start)
39) This book is not long. I it by lunch time. (will be reading, will have read)
40) By 2015, computers many of the jobs that people do today (will be
taking over, will have taken over)

Add 'since'or 'for' in each of the following sentences as required:
1)yesterday.
2)several years.
3)Christmas.
4) many weeks.
5)a short time.
6) Monday last.
7) I have lived here1975.
8) Please waitfive minutes.
9) I stayed in Delhia week.
10) I haven't met her September.
11) He has worked with herthe last ten years.
12) I have been waiting for youtwenty minutes.
13) I haven't done any worka month.
14) We've been studying Englishthree months.
15) We have been climbinghalf an hour.
16) That church has been standing herecenturies.
17) She hasn't bought ant new clothesthe beginning of the year.
18) They've been living herelast week.
19) What have you been doingyesterday?
20) She has been teaching in the school1968.

Rewrite the following sentences by using the verbs within brackets in their correct forms 1) Can you manage(finish) (pack) these parcels alone? 2) It's silly(risk) (get) your feet wet. 3) Do you remember(I,ask) you to lend me a dictionary? 4) Why do you keep(object) to (have) the party at the Station Restaurant? Has anyone mentioned (go) there? 5) I had to ask the girls(stop) (play). 6) I don't want (you, mention) (I,arrive) late. 7) Cyril's hair needs to be (cut) but I can't imagine (he,spend) either time or money on (get) it done. 8) His doctor advised him(give up) (smoke). 9) The driver was fined for(exceed) the speed.

10) Don't forget(lock) the door before(go) out.

11) She is looking forward to(read) your article.	
12) I hate(borrow) money.	
13) He finished (speak)and left the hall.	
14) The child did nothing but (cry).	
15) I saw a thief (enter) my room.	
16) If you dislike(peel) onions, try(hold) them under water while (do) so.	
17) I should like(he, take) more English lessons.	
18) I'd love (have) an opportunity of (meet) you again.	
19) People used(make) fire by (rub) two sticks together.	
20) He is beginning(understand) what you said.	

UNIT - IV

EXERCISE-1

Fill in the blanks below by supplying a verb expressingthe concept mentioned within the brackets:

1) You walk for miles through the forest without meeting any one. (possibility)
2) you speak Swedish? (Ability)
3) You do what you are told. (Obligation)
4) You have hurried. (Absence of obligation)
5) He's quite to come. (Willingness)
6) you live to enjoy it! (Wishes)
7) you like me to order a taxi . (Wish)
8) You be here at nine o'clock. (Command)
9) Parking between 8am and 6pm.(Prohibition)
10) you pass the salt, please. (Request)
11) He's over eighty but still read without glasses. (Ability)
12) Is attendance at school (Obligation)
13) I I were rich. (Wish)
14) I walking to cycling. (Preference)
15) you come here. (Request)
16) Ithat he has arrived safely.(Hope)
17) We to see you in May. (Hope)
18) You come in time. (Command)
19)Itrain tomorrow. (Possibility)
20) It be he is ill. (Possibility)

Identify the type of concept in the following sentences:

- 1) Be here at ten o'clock.
- 2) Just listen to her.
- 3) Let us know whether you can come.
- 4) My doctor won't let me get up yet.
- 5) It is likely that he will come.
- 6) Your father must be nearly eighty now.
- 7) Perhaps he has been ill.
- 8) Can you speak English?
- 9) If you were a bird, you could fly.
- 10) I've come here to have a talk with you.
- 11) He succeeded because he worked hard.
- 12) I will lend you the book if you need it.
- 13) Did you do that to annoy me?
- 14) That may, or may not, be true.
- 15) Shut the door!
- 16) May you have a good time!
- 17) I wish I knew how to do it.
- 18) I intend to buy a new bicycle.
- 19) You must do as you are told.
- 20) You ought to start at once.

Identify the concepts expressed in the following sentences

1)	Be here at nine o' clock.
2)	Help me with the luggage will you?
3)	I wish you'd be quiet.
4)	Thou shall not steal.
5)	Do you mind if I open the window.
6)	Can I see your railway time-table?
7)	I will be there to help
8)	I will punish you if you don't behave yourself.
9)	You shall have the money next week.
10)	I wish I knew how to do it.
11)	Shall I thread the needle for you?
12)	I'd like to be there
13)	We hope we shall see you in May.
14)	I would rather stay at home.
15)	

16)	We are going to grow more vegetables this year.
17)	We are to be married in May.
18)	Soldiers must obey orders without question.
19)	You needn't have hurried.
20)	These shoes have to be repaired.
21)	We are to be there at nine o' clock.
22)	You ought to start at once.
23)	You ought to have helped him.
24)	You shouldn't have laughed at him.
25)	May I borrow your pen?
26)Car	n I go out and play.
26)	Your father must be nearly eighty now.
28)He 1	must have missed the train.
29) It m	nay rain tomorrow.
30)	Can you lift this box?

UNIT-V

EXERCISE-1

Form Nouns from the following words:

1) Long-

2) Strong-
3) Brave-
4) Just-
5) Ignorant-
6) Quick-
7) Free-
8) Move-
9) Defend-
10) Think-
11) Discover-
12) Patriot-
13) Glutton-
14) Succeed-
15) Starve-
16) Obey-
17) Expect-
18) Man-
19) Bankrupt-
20) Laugh-

Form compound words on the following pattern

1)	Adjective + Noun	
2)	Adverb + Noun	
3)	Verb+ Adverb	
4)	Verb+ Noun	
5)	Noun+ Noun	
6)	Adjective+ Adjective	
7)	Adverb+ Participle	
8)	Adverb+ Verb	
9)	Adjective+ Verb	
10)) Noun+ Adjective	

Explain the formation of the following compound words

1)	Newspaper
2)	Football
3)	Turnout
4)	Outlet
5)	Ice cold
6)	Overcoat
7)	Send off
8)	Walking stick
9)	Moonstruck
10)	Blackboard

Form Adjective from the following nouns

1)	Habit
2)	Prudence
3)	Justice
4)	Labour
5)	Miser
6)	Intelligence
7)	Arrogance
8)	Pride
9)	Humility
10)	Danger

Form Verbs from the following words -

1)	Friend			
2)	Bath			
3)	Grass			
4)	Fertile			
5)	Sweet			
6)	Critic	•		
7)	Clean	•		
8)	Direction			
9)	Beneficial			_
10)	Adjustment		_	

Form Nouns from the following Verbs -

•

Add to each of the following words a prefix which reverses the meaning

1)	Fortune	
2)	Legible	
3)	Visible	-
4)	Ever	
5)	Agreeable	
6)	Fortunate	
7)	Respect	
8)	credible	
9)	practical	
10)) honour	
11)) Organize	
 2) leg	al	-

13) patience		
14) approve		
15) Resolute		

Form Adjectives from the following words:

1) Ease-
2) Pity-
3) Time-
4) Need-
5) Beauty-
6) Room-
7) Cost-
8) Friend-
9) Peace-
10) Wonder-
11) Contempt-
12) Mountain-
13) Picture-
14) Sense-
15) Mood-
16) Pain-
17) Labour-
18) Thought-
19) Heaven-
20) Progress-

Form new words by using Prefixes/Suffixes

1) Chief-
2) Friend-
3) Credible-
4) Conduct-
5) Man-
6) Grand-
7) Cycle-
8) Supreme-
9) Warm-
10) Dense-
11) Content-
12) Circle-
13) Throne-
14) Date-
15) Pathy-
16) Rival-
17) Certain-
18) Desolate-
19) Satisfy
20) Patriot-

SET – I

1	-		en below there is an error in each line that has / words and write the correct answer in the s	<u> </u>			
	Conversatio	Conversation and utilization of water					
	are fundame	ental fo	r	is			
	human welf	are. Wa	ater form the basis of all life.				
	Each anima	l and ea	ach plant contains a substantial				
	amount of v	vater in	their body. No kind of				
	physiologic	al activ	ity are possible in which water				
	does not pla	ıy an es	sential part. Water is needful				
	for animal l	ife and	moisture in the soil to the growth				
	of plants and trees., but the quality vary						
	with species	S.					
2		This is a write-up about Avanti moped. The typist could not make out all the words. She left a few blanks. Fill the blanks with appropriate words.					
	pick-up and and	l mileas	ds in the market, Avanti is the poge. It is most popular women a gears. Available in a of over other makes which generally come in	s it has an ignition colours, the Avanti moped has			
3		Read the following dialogue.					
	Librarian		Can I help you?				
	Summet	:	Yes, I would like to look at books on India	n dances.			
	Librarian						
	Summet						
	Librarian	:	I'm sorry as you know we don't stock m the school library.				

Sumeet	:	But I need some books as I've to read a paper on Indian classical dances in the class next week.
Librarian	:	You could go to the Library in Lalit Kala Akademi. They should be able to help you.
Now help Spermission to		o write a letter to the Librarian of Lalit Kala Akademi Library, seeking library.
Sir,		
Indian c	lassical	idyaBhawan School and to read a paper on dances next week. Unfortunately, my school library any books on this particular subject. I by our school librarian to consult the library of Lalit Kala
Akademi w	hich	books on Indian dances. I hope you will grant me t books in library.
Yours since	rely	
SumeetChav	wala	
		low. Then use the notes to complete the paragraph below, filling each blank word / phrase. Don't add any new information.
stone	tie with	olume regular bodyset formulae volume of string submerge in water measuring jar water displaces neasuring jar is equal to volume of stone.
		e volume of regular shaped object is simple. There are given
know the volum submerged com stone	ne of a pi apletely i	the volume of a cube, sphere, cone or cylinder. But what if we desire to ece of stone? In that case, the piece of stone a string and n water in a measuring jar. The water caused by the from the readings on the jar. The volume of water displaced by the stone ne volume of the stone.

SET – II

1	In the passage given below there is an error in each line that has a blank alongside it. Underline the incorrect word / words and write the correct answer in the space provided. The first is done for you.					
	Socrates enemies were unable to harm					
	himin many years. But at length evil times	for				
	came in Athens. The Athenians were beaten					
	during a war with Sparta, and were no longer					
	the leader for the Greek states. Civil war					
	broke up in Athens. Socrates, now an old					
	man, was accused of spreading discontent					
	in the young men of Athens and of trying to					
	destroy their faith on the old gods.					
2	A student was writing an article but was not very sure about which tense to use. So he left a few blanks to be filled in later. Help him to complete the passage given below:					
	Of all the books I read. I find the ones I like					
	praised by critics. It me wonder whether the fault					
	the critics who are making a mistake. If a book reading an analysis of it by a critic, then surely the book					
	For it not the function of books to inform, educate and life.					
3	Look at the words and phrases below. Rearrange them to form meaning the given dialogue. Use connectors and linkers where necessary.	ngful sentences to complete				
	Seem / time / wake up / can't					
	5.30 /set / set / alarm					
	Goes / soon as / switch / alarm					
	Ashamed / ought / yourself / you					
	Mother: Why must you be always late for school?					
	Amit: I					

	r: But you	
Amit:	I do, but	
Mother	r: And then you sleep for another hour. Really Amit	
Amit:	I'm sorry mom. I promise I'll never be late again.	
Read th	he headlines given below and then complete the news writ	e up given with each.
(a) 60	Defence offices honoured	
	Defence officers at a militar RashtrapatiBhawan. At the glittering function	=
	Prime Minister, his Cabinet colleagues and the three awards for	
(b) Dea	ath sentence for drug peddling	
The	e Singapore High Courtto me	en for
	der Singapore's anti narcotics law, anyonenufacturing more than 15 grams of heroin faces	
(c) Ste	effi Graf injured	
Wo	orld no. 1 Steffi Graf in training	ng and
nex	kt week's tournament in South Carolina. Steffi said	·
liga	aments in her knee on T	uesday.
(d) Fre	enchman sets world record	
	of 1 minute 53.05 seconds i	
		record of 1.54.21 se
	nyon Loader New Zealand	

SET – III

1 In the following passage there is a mistake in each line that has a blank alongside it. Identify the error and write the correct world in the blank.

I <u>wake</u> early one morning, at dawn
toseen the Sun rise over the sea. It was one
of the more extraordinary sights that I have
never seen. The ball of orange, as yet lacking the
intense heat it acquires during the day, slid up
the waves and hung beneath the sky and
the sea. A rosy hue tinged the blue of the sky
in the horizon and transformed it into a canvas of
vibrantcolours all merging with the next.
In the extract from a novel below, some blanks have been left. Help the author to fill the bar

In the extract from a novel below, some blanks have been left. Help the author to fill the blanks with suitable words. The first is done for you.

Holly is much better this evening	but he	a	very	bad	night	and	so
we. Every time he seeme	ed to going	to	sleep,	he k	kept sta	rting	up
and crying. I thought he	out of his mind. Pippin kep	ot ta	lking	to hi	m and	Blueł	oell
kept making jokes. He	worn out before the mo	rniı	ng and	d so		all	of
us. So we slept all day.							

3 Read the dialogue between two friends and then report it to a person who was not present there.





Mona:	I wish I was tall and attractive like you
	Anita: Why ever would you want to be like me.
	Mona: Then I could be a model too.
	Anita: Personality and cofidence are equally important. And modelling is not the only profession.
	Mona: But that's what I want to do.
	Mona felt sad because as tall and attractive as Anita. She felt that a model. Though
	Anita reminded her that personality and confidence were as important as looks and that modelling profession open to girls. Mona insisted that all was a model.
C 4	Look at the notes below. Then use the notes to complete the paragraph given below, filling each blank space with a suitable word. Don't add any new information.
	Environmental studies important – introduction in a school curriculum – questions about relevance to higher secondary students – now not even the conservative can deny the need – spoiling of the environment – imminence of an ecological disaster – more than potentially of nuclear war – only a probability – eco disaster threatens our future.
	Today no one can deny the of environmental studies. When it the
	of the subject to students preparing for the senior secondary examination. But
	now, only four years later, the need for this subject cannot even by the most
	conservative teachers and parents. The of the environment and an eco disaster has become a cause for greater concern than a
	nuclear holocaust. For, while the latter is only a vague probability, the
	former is a to our immediate future.

SET - IV

1.	In the passage given below, a mistake occurs	in each line that has a blank along-
	side it. Underline the error and write the correct	et word/words in the blank. The first
	is done for you	
	Fraser was enchanted by a Lola wedding the	
	customs. In few districts the youth carried	
	a pig in a sack for the girl's father and	
	handed it over to him. Placing the girl in the	
	sack and carried her away. Other custom	·
	was even more amusing. The bride was	
	hoisted on the top of a large tree. All her	
	older female relatives spread themselves	
	on the low branches. The groom had to	<u></u>
	climbup to his girl, resist the	
	blows and shoves of these ladies.	
2.	Certain words have been left out in the passage whereyou think a word has been omitted with a provided.	
	The complete manuscript is received by	
	the publishers, it is typed out double	- <u></u>
	space. The typed manuscript is sent to	
	a reviewer, usually an expert on subject.	
	The reviewer returns the manuscript having	
	made necessary changes or corrections	
	required. It is then handed to the	
	copy editor, is a member of the editorial	
	team. It is his responsibility read	

	ambiguity and obscurity. It is then that
	the manuscript is handed over for composing
	on computers.
3	Read the instructions given below on how to make a cake. Then complete the entry taken from your diary, explaining how you made the cake.
	powder sugar + butter - whip together beat eggs separately - add to mixture sieve flour and baking powder - fold into batter by spoonfuls pour into cake tin bake for 25 minutes at moderate heat.
	powder sugar and butter in a large bowl. To this
	mixture eggs which separately. I had
	sievedflour and baking powder together previouslythe flour into
	thebatter by spoonfuls. Next Ithe batter into a cake tin and put it in the
	Oven for 25 minutes at moderate heat. Finally, I took the cake out of the
	oven and left it on the table to cool.
4	Look at the notes below. Then use the notes to complete the paragraph below fillingeach blank space with suitable words. Don't add any new information. T.V. has obsessed the youtharrival of satellite T.Vchannels hold them spellbound detrimental to health - forgotten games, studies, hobbies concentration on T.V. exclusively remedial action signs of apathy and dullness.
	T.V. has become anwith the young people today. especially
	the advent of satellite channels. MTV, Star TV, BBC, Prime SJX>etc and other local
	channels hold them spellbound to the screen, to the their health and
	studies their games, hobbies and studies, children con-centrate on
	their T.V. sets of all else. Unless some is found soon, the
	young generation will turn into zombies.

the manuscript carefully, checking errors,