Radhasoami Dayal Ki Daya Radhasoami Sahai

AIR QUALITY MONITORING @ 40 FEET HEIGHT – Report Date: 30.3.2022 (BASED ON US-EPA AQI STANDARDS AND THE DAYALBAGH AQI COLOUR CODE)

Permissible Limits (24 Hour Mean): $PM_{10} = 150$; $PM_{2.5} = 35$, all units are in $\mu g/m^3$ Sampling Duration = 24 hrs (9:00 AM to 9:00 AM)

| | Date DAYALBAGH | | | | | | | | | | | SANJAY PLACE | | | | | | | | |
|---------|---|------------------------------|------------------|---------------------------|-----------|----|------|------|------------------|------------|------------------|---|---------------------------|---------|--------|-----|---------|------|--------------------|----|
| | Today: | (TIME WEIGHTED AVERAGE DATA) | | | | | | | | | Today: | (ARITHMETIC MEAN DATA) AQI Meteorological Parameters | | | | | | | | |
| | March 30 – 29 Yesterday March 29 - 28 | Air Qua | lity Index | Meteorological Parameters | | | | | | March 30 – | A | IV | Meteorological Parameters | | | | | | | |
| | | PM _{2.5} | PM ₁₀ | RH % | WS m/s | WD | °C | | SR | RF | 29 Yesterday | PM _{2.5} | PM ₁₀ | RH % | WS m/s | WD | T °C | | SR | DE |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | - | RF |
| | | | | | | | Max | Min | W/m ² | mm | March 29 - 28 | | | 70 | m/s | | Max | Min | W/m ² m | mm |
| 4 / 97 | Today | 93 | 88 | 30 | 2.4 | S | 42.9 | 23.8 | 143 | 0 | Today | 168 | 158 | 30 | 1.9 | NNE | 44.2 | 26.9 | 182 | 0 |
| | Yesterday | 107 | 90 | 29 | 2.1 | S | 42.0 | 22.9 | 147 | 0 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 / 34 | Today | 110 | 63 | 33 | 2.4 | S | 41.9 | 23.8 | 132 | 0 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Yesterday | 122 | 65 | 33 | 2.1 | S | 41.0 | 23.4 | 127 | 0 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Science | Today | 127 | 73 | 34 | 2.4 | S | 42.0 | 22.8 | 148 | 0 | Yesterday | 166 | 156 | 29 | 2.2 | NE | 42.9 | 23.4 | 184 | 0 |
| Faculty | Yesterday | 127 | 71 | 34 | 2.1 | S | 40.7 | 22.4 | 148 | 0 | | | | | | | | | | l |

Views of AQI Research Group: The AQI at Dayalbagh remained better than that at Sanjay Place. Vidyut Nagar had the lowest PM2.5 AQI and Prem Nagar recorded the lowest PM10.0 AQI. The reduction in AQI at Dayalbagh can be attributed to increased Wind Speed and higher Temperatures causing expansion of Atmospheric Boundary Layer (ABL) thus reducing pollutant concentration to some extent.

Remarks of Revered Chairman-ACE:

Received: Wednesday, 30 March 2022, 12:24 PM

Perused: Subject to Legalese / Legalise / "Laws of the Land"

Wednesday, 30 March 2022, PM

Good -G

Moderate- M

Unhealthy for Sensitive Groups- UHS

Unhealthy for All- UHA

Very Unhealthy for All-VUHA

Hazardous for All- HZA

Hazardous for All-HZA

NOTE: 1 A continuous study conducted as part of Dayalbagh Sigma Six Qualities and Values Model implementation.

2 DEI is using United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) methodology and online calculators to calculate AQI. For fair comparison with UPPCB Sanjay Place Weather Station readings,

their PM_{2.5} concentration readings are fed in USEPA online calculator for AQI calculation.

$$I = \frac{I_{\text{high}} - I_{\text{low}}}{C_{\text{high}} - C_{\text{low}}} * (C - C_{\text{low}}) + I_{\text{low}}$$

where, I = Air Quality Index, C=Pollutant Concentration (PM2.5), Clow=Concentration Breakpoint ≤C, Chigh=Concentration Breakpoint ≥C, Ilow=Index Break point corresponding to Clow, Ihigh=Index Breakpoint corresponding to Chigh